



About **INTER**

INTER DIESEL ENGINE was first established in USA in 1927 as an independent engine manufacturer.

Right now, they manufacture high quality diesel engines from 2 cylinders to 20 cylinders, in the factories that are in Brazil, Argentina, India and China. They manufacture with their original design.

Apart from their own factories, in order to serve and meet the customer needs in other areas, they have their offices and distributors in Germany, UK, Spain, Italy, Turkey and South Africa. These distributors and offices deals with sales, after sales services and spare part supply.

INTER DIESEL ENGINE produces diesel engines from 7.5 kW to 3000kW to be used in agricultural equipment's, trucks, buses, tractors, construction equipment, generators, boats and ships.

They export to more than 100 countries and have 45 distributors, 160 dealers and more than 200 after sales service. With this service network, Inter Diesel Engine increases its global market share every day.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Excellent Design
- High and Dependable Technology
- Heavy Duty
- Durability
- Low Noice
- Low Exhaust Emission
- Low Operating Cost
- World Class Product Support
- Flexible Application

- Direct Injection
- Tier II / Tier IV Emission Regulations
- Low Fuel Consumption
- Low Oil Consumption
- Tropical Radiator
- Easy Service & Maintenance
- Mechanical / Electronic Governor
- Compact Design
- Noise Optimized Engine Design

Diesel Engine and Genset Rating Classifications

The below ratings represent the engine performance capabilities to conditions specified in TS ISO 8528/1, 8528-4, 8528-5, 8528-8, BS5000, ISO 3046/1:1986, NEMA MG-1.22.1, BS 5514/1.

STAND BY POWER RATING (ESP):

ESP is applicable for supplying emergency power for the duration of the utility power outage. No overload capability is available for this rating. Under no condition is an engine allowed to operate in parallel with the public utility at the Stand By Power rating. This rating should be applied where reliable utility power is available. A Stand By rated engine should be sized for a maximum of an 70% average load factor and 200 hours of operation per year. This includes less than 25 hours per year at the Stand By Power rating. Stand By ratings should never be applied except in true emergency power outages. Negotiated power outages contracted with a utility company are not considered an emergency.

PRIME POWER RATING (PRP):

Applicable for supplying electric power in lieu of commercially purchased power. Prime Power applications must be in the form of one of the following two categories:

$\label{thm:continuity} \textbf{UNLIMITED TIME RUNNING PRIME POWER (ULTP):}$

PRP (Prime Power) is available for an unlimited number of hours per year in a variable load application. Variable load should not exceed a 70% average of the Prime Power rating during any operating period of 250 hours. The total operating time at 100% Prime Power shall not exceed 500 hours per year. A 10% overload capability is available for a period of 1 hour within a 12-hour period of operation. Total operating time at the 10% overload power shall not exceed 25 hours per year.

LIMITED TIME RUNNING PRIME POWER (LTP):

LTP (Limited Time Prime Power) is available for a limited number of hours in a nonvariable load application. It is intended for use in situations where power outages are contracted, such as in utility power curtailment. Engines may be operated in parallel to the public utility up to 750 hours per year at power levels never to exceed the Prime Power rating. The customer should be aware, however, that the life of any engine will be reduced by this constant high load operation. Any operation exceeding 750 hours per year at the Prime Power rating should use the Continuous Power rating.

CONTINUOUS POWER RATING (COP):

COP is the power that the engine can continue to use under the prescribed speed and the specified environment condition in the normal maintenance period stipulated in the manufacturing plant. And Continuous Power is applicable for supplying utility power at a constant 100% load for an unlimited number of hours per year. No overload capability is available for this rating.



E1928TDI

32,70 Liter, V Type 12 Cylinder

G Drive Engine



Diesel Engine Main Technical Parameters

General	
Number of Cylinders	

Configuration		V - Type
Aspiration		Turbocharged & Intercooled
Combustion System		Direct Injection
Compression Ratio		14.5:1
Bore	mm	145
Stroke	mm	165
Displacement	L	32,7
Governing Type		Electronic
Governing Class		G3
Rotation		Counterclockwise
Firing Order		1-12-5-8-3-10-6-7-2-11-4-9
Emission		Tier II
Moments of Rotation Inertia		
Engine	kg • m²	24,19
Flywheel	kg • m²	15,38
Performance Rating		
Speed Droop	%	≤1
Steady State Speed Band	%	≤0.5
Test Conditions		
Ambient Temperature	%	25
Atmospheric Pressure	kPa	100
Relative Humidity	RH (%)	30
Max. Operating Intake Resistance	kPa	<6.2
Exhaust Backpressure Limit	kPa	<6
Fuel Temperature (Fuel Inlet Pump)	°C	38 ± 2
Filters		
Air Filter		Dry Type, Replaceable
Fuel Filter		With Water Seperator
Oil Filter		Element Type, Particulate Trap
Flywhell Housing and Flex Coupling		21 .
Flywheel Housing	SAE (J620)	0
Flex Coupling Disc	Inch (")	18
Overall Dimensions	()	
Length *	mm	2330
Width	mm	1760
Height	mm	2135
Dry Weight	Kg	3550
* From front end of radiator to rear end of air filter	9	

Cooling System

Radiator Type	50°C	Tropical
Total Coolant Capacity	L	240
Max. Perm. Coolant Outlet Temperature	°C	105
Max. Perm. Flow Resis. (Cool. System And Piping)	bar	0,5
Max.Temperature of Coolant Warning	°C	95
Max. Temperature of Coolant Shutdown	°C	98
Thermostat Operation Temperature - Initial Open	°C	66
Thermostat Operation Temperature - Full Open	°C	78
Delivery of Coolant Pump	m ³/ h	14,50
Min. Pressure Before Coolant Pump	bar	0,5
Radiator Face Area	m²	3,21
Rows	Row	7
Matrix Density	Per / Inch	18
Material		Aluminum
Width of Matrix	mm	1720
Height of Matrix	mm	1870
Pressure Cap Setting	kPa	90
Estimated Cooling Air Flow Reserve	kPa	0,125
Engine Pre Heater Tube (with Circulation Pump)	W	6600
Lubrication System		
Total System	L	90
Minimum Oil Level	L	85
Nominal Motor Operating Temperature	°C	40
Lubricating Oil Pressure (Rated Speed)	bar	7
Relief Valve Opens	kPa	200
Oil / Fuel Consumption Ratio	%	≤0,48
Normal Oil Temperature	°C	110
Electrical System		
Voltage	V	24
Starter	kW	13
Alternator Output Ampers	Α	60
Alternator Output Voltage	V	28
Batteries Capacity	Ah	2X200
Fan		
Diameter	mm	1530
Drive Ratio		1,04:1
Number of Blades		8
Material		Metal
Туре		Blowing
		-

Diesel Engine Matching Parameters

50 Hz @ 1500 r/min		Stand By	Prime
Gross Engine Power	kW	1334,0	1213,0
Net Engine Power	kW	1303,0	1182,0
Fan Power Consumption (Belt Pulley Driven)	kW	28,0	28,0
Other Power Loss	kW	3,0	3,0
Mean Effective Pressure	MPa	3,26	2,97
Intake Air Flow	m 3 / min	96,25	91,67
Exhaust Temperature Limit	°C	650	650
Exhaust Flow	m 3 / min	264,25	251,67
Boost Pressure Ratio		3,40	3,50
Mean Piston Speed	m/s	8,3	8,3
Cooling Fan Air Flow	m 3 / min	1913,0	1913,0
Typical Generator Output Power	kVA	1564	1418
Heat Rejection			
Energy in Fuel (Heat of Combustion)	kW	3335,0	3033,0
Gross Heat to Power	kW	1334,0	1213,0
Energy to Coolant and Lubricating Oil	kW	567,0	516,0
Heat Dissipation Capacity*	kW	233,0	212,0
Energy to Exhaust	kW	967,0	879,0
Heat to Radiation	kW	100,0	91,0
*Intake Intercooled System			

60 Hz @ 1800 r/min		Stand By	Prime
Gross Engine Power	kW	1334,0	1213,0
Net Engine Power	kW	1303,0	1182,0
Fan Power Consumption (Belt Pulley Driven)	kW	28,0	28,0
Other Power Loss	kW	3,0	3,0
Mean Effective Pressure	MPa	2,67	2,42
Intake Air Flow	m 3 / min	94,33	89,82
Exhaust Temperature Limit	°C	650	650
Exhaust Flow	m 3 / min	258,97	246,58
Boost Pressure Ratio		3,30	3,40
Mean Piston Speed	m/s	9,9	9,9
Cooling Fan Air Flow	m ³ / min	1875,0	1875,0
Typical Generator Output Power	kVA	1564	1418
Heat Rejection			
Energy in Fuel (Heat of Combustion)	kW	3518,0	3200,0
Gross Heat to Power	kW	1467,0	1334,0
Energy to Coolant and Lubricating Oil	kW	623,0	568,0
Heat Dissipation Capacity*	kW	262,0	238,0
Energy to Exhaust	kW	1063,0	967,0
Heat to Radiation	kW	105,0	96,0
*Intake Intercooled System			

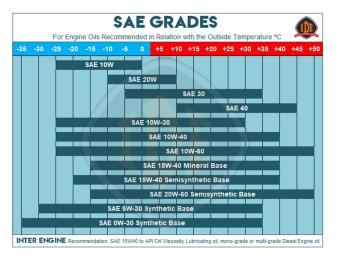


E1928TD1

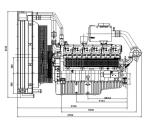
POWER RANGE
FUEL CONSUMPTION
OIL GRADES
DIMENSION
DIAGRAMS

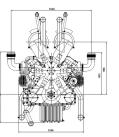
INTER Diesel Engine Power Ratings							
Engine Model E1928TDI Engine Family ID56 Engine Series			II				
Constant		Typical Capara	tor Output (Not)		Engine	Power	
Speed	Type of Operation	Typical Generator Output (Net)		Gross		Net	
rpm	k'	kVA	kWe	kWm	Нр	kWm	Нр
1500	Stand By (Maximum)	1.564,0	1.251,0	1.334,0	1.790,6	1.303,0	1.749,0
1500	Prime	1.418,0	1.135,0	1.213,0	1.628,2	1.182,0	1.586,6
1800	Stand By (Maximum)	1.564,0	1.251,0	1.334,0	1.790,6	1.303,0	1.749,0
1800	Prime	1.418,0	1.135,0	1.213,0	1.628,2	1.182,0	1.586,6

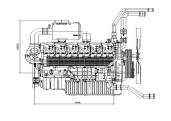
Generator powers are typical and are based on an average alternator efficiency and a power factor (Cos. Q) of 0.8

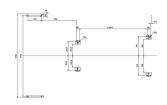


Diesel Engine Appearance and Installation Dimension Diagram









Fuel Consumption				
Percent of Prime power	50Hz - 1500 rpm	60Hz - 1800 rpm		
	l/hr	l/hr		
110%	307,13	307,13		
100%	276,45	276,45		
75%	208,40	208,40		
50%	140,34	140,34		

Note: At calorific value 42700 kJ/kg + 5 %, density 0.860 kg/dm3, temperature 280 K.

Fuel specification: BS 2869: Part 2 1998 Class A2 or (DIN EN 590) ASTM D975 D2 Diesel. The fuel must be clean and without water)

INTER ENGINES MAIN AND BIGGEST PARTNERS











